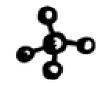
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# PROCESS GAS CHROMATOGRAPH MAG Applications





Organic Substance Production



### Relevance

Every year demand on **Basic Organic Chemicals**, which are components for production of a large number of substances, is constantly increasing. Without these substances: polymers, surfactants, pesticides, additives, etc. it is practically impossible to imagine life of a modern man.

Besides, business competition also increases - customers need high quality product at a fair price. The first can be achieved by carrying out continuous monitoring of raw materials and products quality, the second - by use of the information received to increase production efficiency.

The best option for solving this problem is to use **Process Gas**Chromatograph MAG



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Chromatograph MAG (model KC 50.310-000-01) is a modern high-tech equipment of home manufacture, which meets or exceeds world analogues. Flexible modular and explosion protected design allows you to choose the right configuration for a wide variety of analytical problems.

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# **Detector Type**

Thermal conductivity detector (TCD)

Allows you to use micro-packed and capillary columns. Provides fast analysis and low limits of detection

✓ Thermo-chemical detector (CCD)

Allows you to carry out accurate measurement of low concentration flammable compounds, including hydrogen, hydrocarbons, etc.

✓ Electro-chemical detector (ECD)

Allows you to analyze sulfur-containing compounds from 0.1 ppm using only air as a carrier gas.

Provides linearity at wide range of measurement and high selectivity to  $H_2S$  and mercaptans.

### **Option:**

### Liquid Sample Injector

External heated sampling valve or injector-vaporizer provides direct introduction of vaporized liquid sample into analytical column without any losses of analyzed compounds. Maximum temperature of the injector is 220°C.





# **Advantages**Of Process Gas Chromatograph:



Process optimization;



Reducing the costs of recycling and consumption waste disposal.



Quality control of raw materials, intermediate and end products



Energy saving





# **Applications**

Further will be considered the basic technological processes of organic substances production and some of the possible applications of a process gas chromatograph MAG

The above list is not exhaustive.

To clarify the possibility of using the chromatograph MAG to solve a particular analytical problem, please fill in a questionnaire.



Production of lower olefins and dienes (pyrolysis of oil fractions)



Production of propylene (propane dehydrogenation)



Production of isobutylene (dehydrogenation of isobutane)



Production of ethanol (ethylene hydration)



Production of methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE) (synthesis from methanol and isobutylene, comprising fraction)



Production of acrylic acid (two-stage oxidation of propylene)



# Substance Production

### **Production of Lower Olefins and Dienes**

**Process:** pyrolysis of oil fractions or hydrocarbon gases (steam cracking)

#### **Synthesis:** 1,3propylene ethylene isoprene butylene **butadiene** H<sub>2</sub>S and CO<sub>2</sub> removal Gas liquefaction Ethylene Methane Butylene Propylene divinyl fraction Hydrogen Drying Steam Feed gas Pentanes Propane **Pyrolysis** Ethan C3+ C4+ C5+ **Pvrolvses** condensate Inhibition of side Rectification Rectification Rectification Benzine Compressing reactions Cold box Refinery products

Process Flow Diagram of Pyrolysis Unit

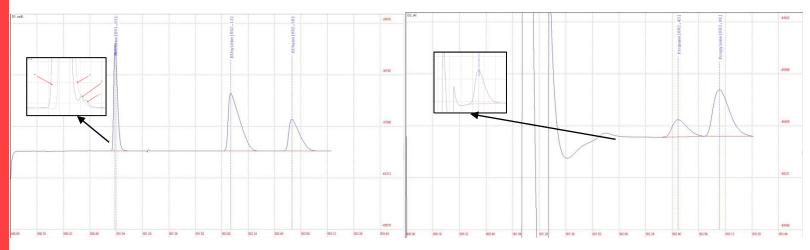
# **Examples of Solutions**

# ॐ Organic Substance Production

### Oil Fraction and Hydrocarbon Gases Pyrolyses

Features of Chromatograph		
Analyzed medium	Gas	
A	H <sub>2</sub> , CO, CH <sub>4</sub> , ethylene, ethane, propylene,	
Analyzed components	propane,C4 <sub>+</sub>	
Detector type	TCD	
Number of analytical channels	2	
Column type	Micro-packed	
Carrier gas	Argon, Helium	
Duration of analysis	4:30 [min:sec]	

#### **Chromatograms of thermal cracking products for olefin production**



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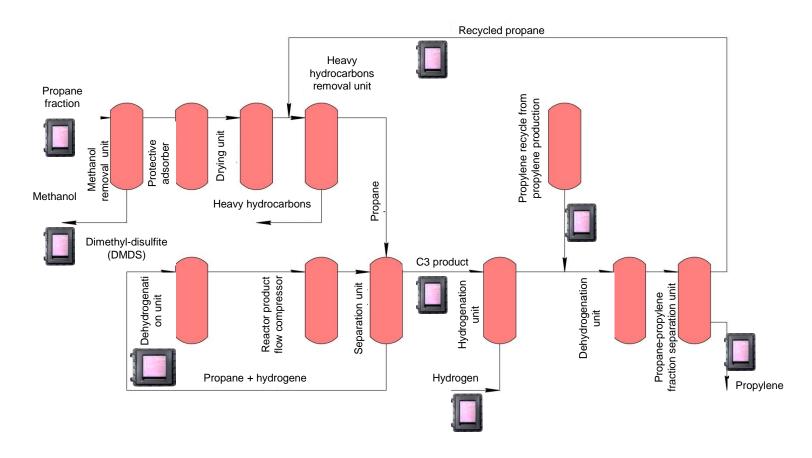
Analytical channel № 1 chromatogram (H<sub>2</sub>, CO, CH<sub>4</sub>, ethylene, ethane)

Analytical channel No2 chromatogram (propylene, propane,  $C4_+$ )



# **Production of Propylene**

Process: propane dehydrogenation



Process Flow Diagram of Propylene Production

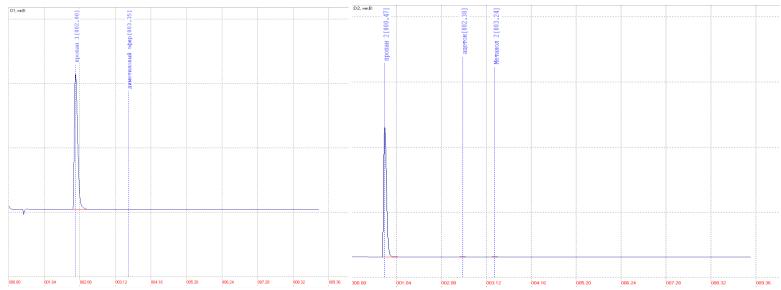


# **Examples of Solutions**

### **Propane Dehydrogenation (Production of Propylene)**

Features of Chromatograph		
Analyzed medium LPG		
Analyzed components	Methanol, acetone, dimethyl ether	
Detector type	TCD	
Number of analytical channels	2	
Column type	Micropacked	
Carrier gas	Helium	
Duration of analysis	9:50 [min:sec]	

#### **Dehydrogenation of oxygenates in propane**



Analytical channel No 1 chromatogram (dimethylether)

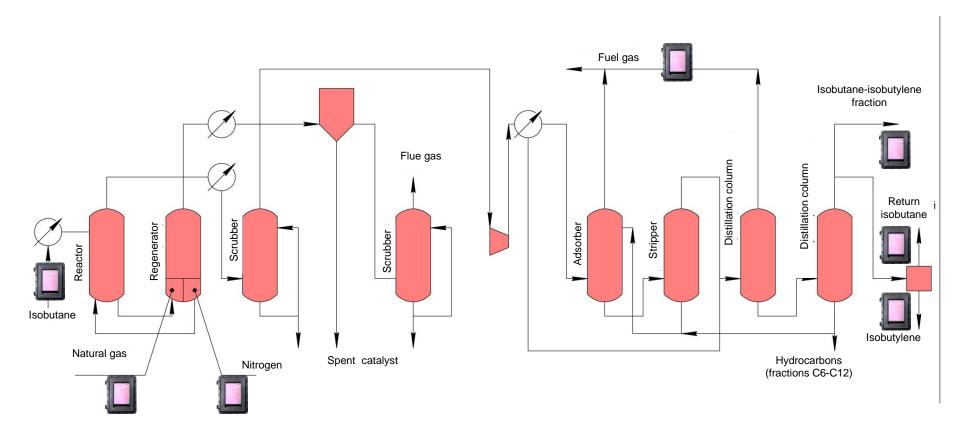
Analytical channel No2 chromatogram (Methanol, acetone)

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# **Production of Isobutylene**

Process: dehydrogenation of isobutane



Process Flow Diagram of Isobutylene Production

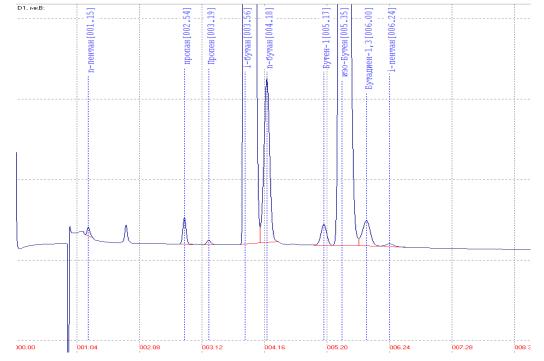
# **Examples of Solutions**



### **Dehydrogenation of Isobutane**

Features of Chromatograph			
Analyzed medium	LPG		
Analyzed components	Isobutane, isobutylene		
Detector type	TCD		
Number of analytical channels	1		
Column type	Micropacked		
Carrier gas	Helium		
Duration of analysis	9:55 [min:sec]		

#### Control of composition content of isobutane-isobutylene fraction (IIF)



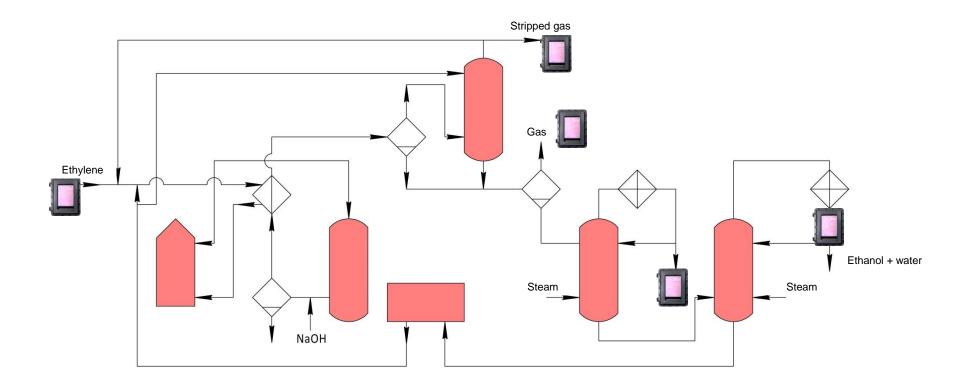
Analytical channel No 1 chromatogram

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### **Production of Ethanol**

**Process:** vapor-phase hydration of ethylene at high temperatures and pressures.



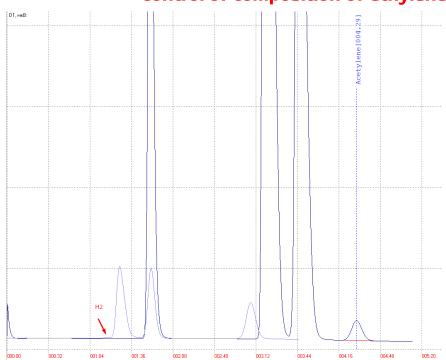
**Process Flow Diagram of Ethanol Production** 

# **Examples of Solutions**Production of Ethanol (ethylene hydration)

organic 🗠 **Substance Production** 

Features of Chromatograph			
Analyzed medium	Gas		
Analyzed components	Acetylene, ethane, ethylene		
Detector type	TCD		
Number of analytical channels	1		
Column type	Micropacked		
Carrier gas	Helium		
Duration of analysis	6:00 [min:sec]		

**Control of composition of ethylene-ethane fraction** 



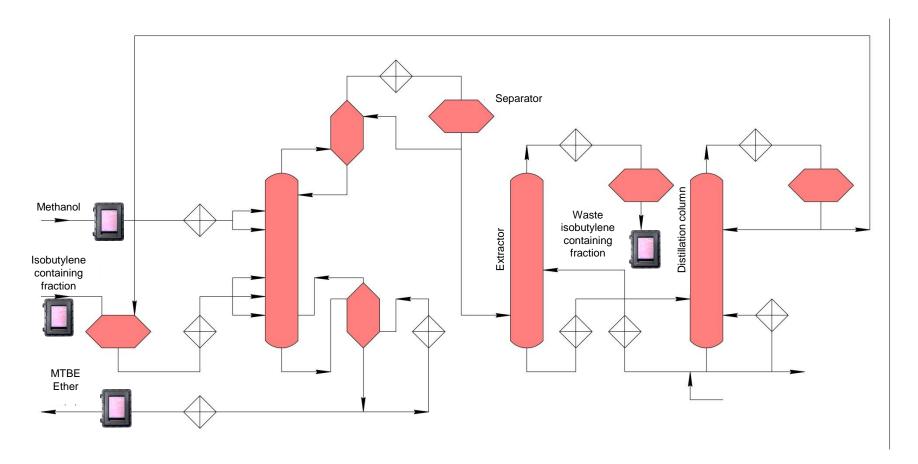
Analytical channel No 1 chromatogram





# **Production of Methyl Tert-Butyl Ether (MTBE)**

Process: synthesis from methanol and isobutylene containing fraction



Process Flow Diagram of MTBE Production

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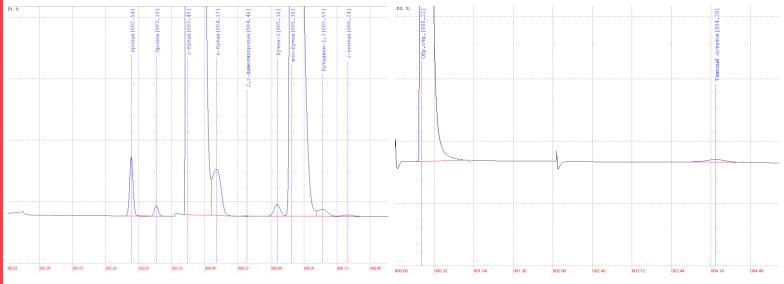
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# **Examples of Solutions**

**Synthesis of Methyl Tert-Butyl Ether** 

Features of Chromatograph			
Analyzed medium	LNG		
Analyzed components	Hydrocarbons C3-C5, heavy residue		
Detector type	TCD		
Number of analytical channels	2		
Column type	Micropacked		
Carrier gas	Helium		
Duration of analysis	9:55 [min:sec]		

### Control of composition of i-butane isobutylene fraction downstream E-201



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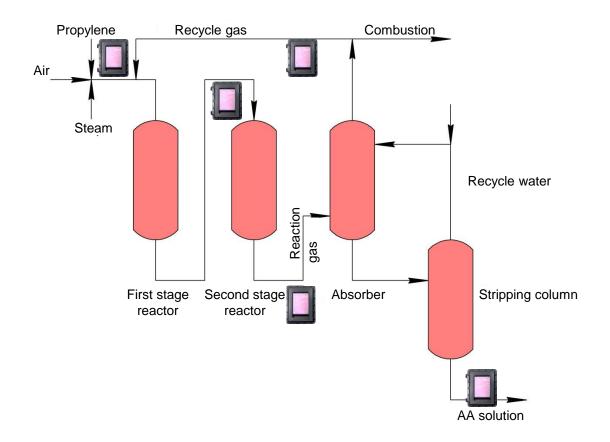
Analytical channel No 1 chromatogram (hydrocarbons C3-C5)

Analytical channel №2 chromatogram (heavy residue)



# **Production of Acrylic Acid**

**Process:** two-stage oxidation of propylene (I – propylene oxidation to acrolein, II – acrolein oxidation to acrylic acid)



Process Flow Diagram of Acrylic Acid Production

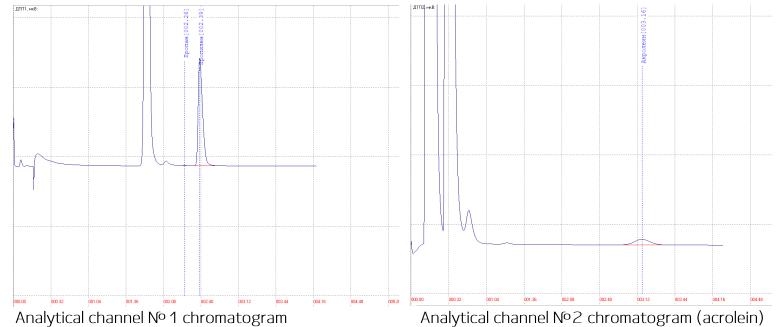
# **Examples of Solutions**



### **Production of Acrylic Acid**

Features of Chromatograph			
Analyzed medium	Gas		
Analyzed components	Propane, propylene, acrolein		
Detector type	TCD		
Number of analytical channels	2		
Column type	Micropacked		
Carrier gas	Helium		
Duration of analysis	7:55 [min:sec]		

### Control of acrylic acid and ethers generator package



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(propylene, propane)



### Other Applications of Chromatograph MAG

### **Isoprene Production**

Process: isopentane dehydrogenation

### **Methanol Production**

**Process:** synthesis from carbon oxide and hydrogen

### **Ethylene Oxide Production**

Process: gas phase oxidation of ethylene with oxygen or air

### **Ethylen Glycol Production**

Process: non-catalytic hydration of ethylene oxide

#### **Aromatic Production**

**Process:** catalytic reforming of straight-run gasoline fractions, alkylation, dehydrogenation, etc.



# Organic Substance Production

### **Reference List**

No.	Customer	Location	Objectives
1	CJSC Togliattisyntez (SIBUR Togliatti LLC)	Production of Dimethyldioxane and formaldehyde recovery unit 1/16	Analysis of the direct isobutane-isobutylene fraction (IIF)
2	CJSC Togliattisyntez (SIBUR Togliatti LLC)	Production of Dimethyldioxane and formaldehyde recovery unit W-6	Analysis of the reverse isobutane-isobutylene fraction (IIF)
3	Tobolsk- Neftekhim LLC (SIBUR Tobolsk LLC)	ADPU Central Gas Fractionation Unit shop	Analysis of oxygenates in dry propane
4	JSC ROSPAN INTERNATIONAL (East Urengoy license area, Gas and Condensate Processing Plant)	Condensation stabilization unit No. 1. Condensate stabilization line unit no. 1	Analysis of LPG (technical propane-butane)
5	PJSC Tatneft	Tatneftegazpererabotka GFU-2 shop no.2	Propane fraction quality analysis at GFU-2
6	PJSC Tatneft	Tatneftegazpererabotka GFU-2 shop no.2	N-butane fraction quality analyses at GFU-2 shop no.2

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# Organic Substance Production

### **Reference List**

No -	Customer	Location	Objectives
7	JSC Sibur- Neftekhim (SIBUR Dzerzhinsk LLC)	Production of acrylic acid and ethers, shop 101	Analysis of propane, propylene and acrolein in the production of acrylic acid
8	PJSC Omsky Kauchuk	Pipeline for exhaust gases to the separator pos. 213	Process control of isopropylbenzene content in exhaust gas
0	CJSC Togliattisyntez (SIBUR Togliatti LLC)	MTBE Preparation Unit ДЗ, downstream mixer 205a in P206/1,2	Process control of the composition of the hydrocarbon charge
10	CJSC Togliattisyntez (SIBUR Togliatti LLC)	MTBE Preparation Unit ДЗ, downstream reactors P206/1,2	Process control of the content of isobutylene, MTBE and methanol
11	CJSC Togliattisyntez (SIBUR Togliatti LLC)	MTBE Preparation Unit ДЗ	Process control of the MTBE composition

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